From Fishing to Farming -How Climate Trends are affecting the Bitterroot

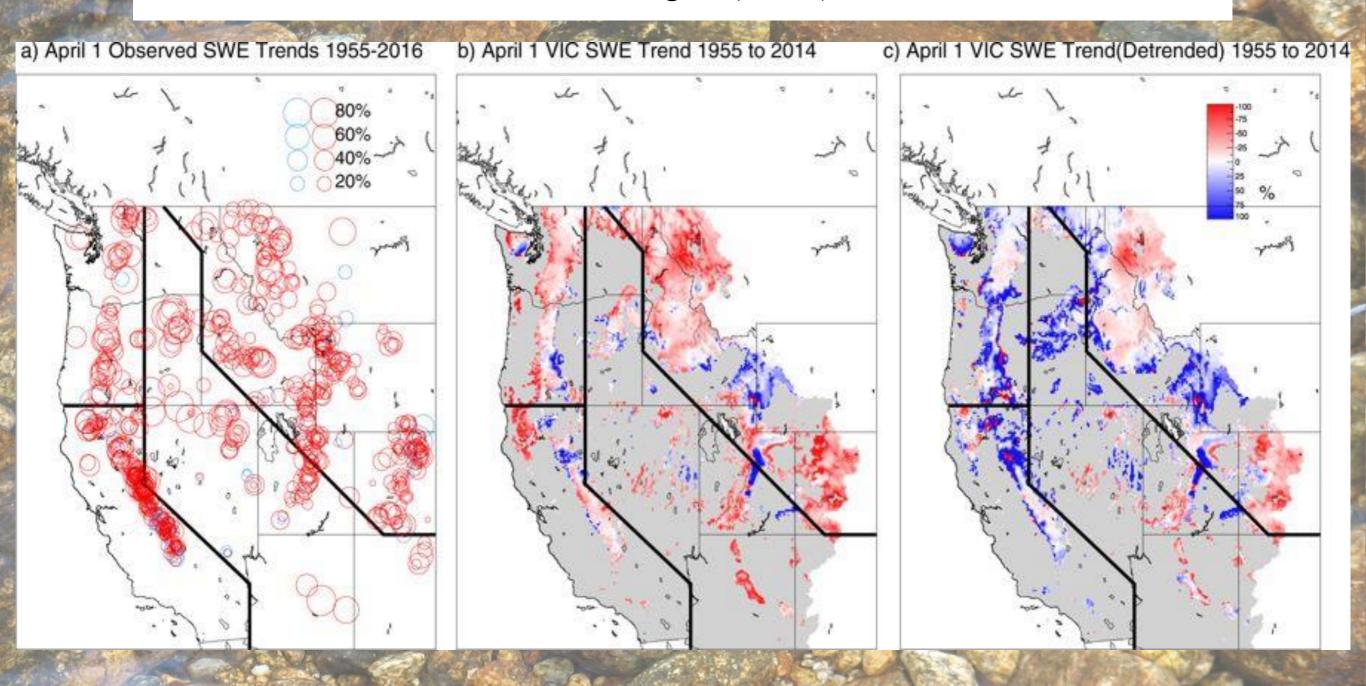
Snowpack and Stream Hydrology

Ed Snook

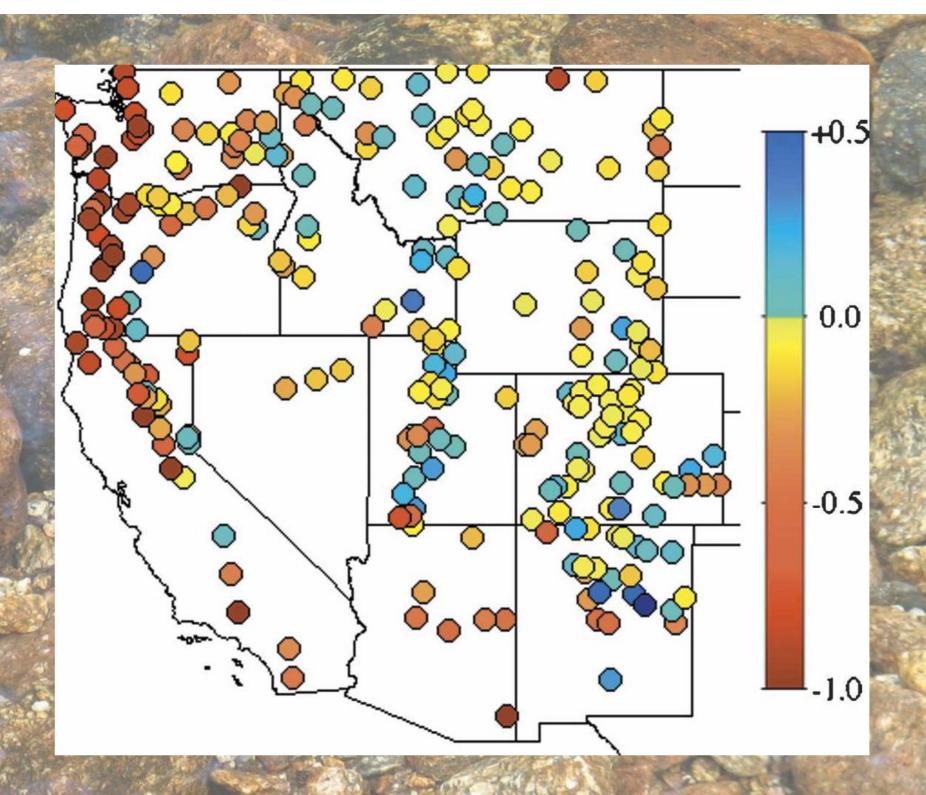
- 23 years USFS Hydrologist in Wyoming and Montana
- MA Water Resources, University of Wyoming

Dramatic declines in snowpack in the western US Philip W. Mote, Sihan Li, Dennis P. Lettenmaier, Mu Xiao and

Ruth Engel (2018)



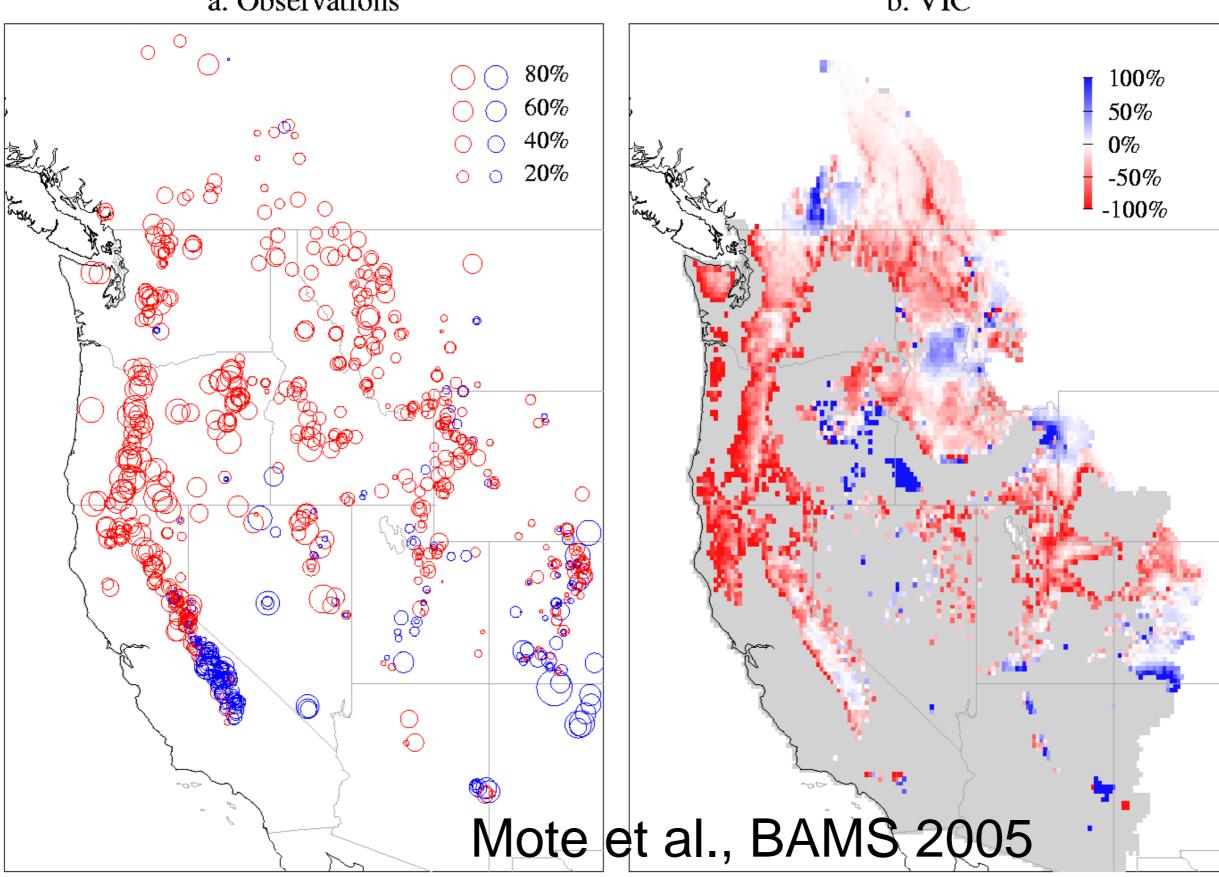
Trends in Snowfall versus Rainfall in the Western United States Knowles, Dettinger and Cayan 2005

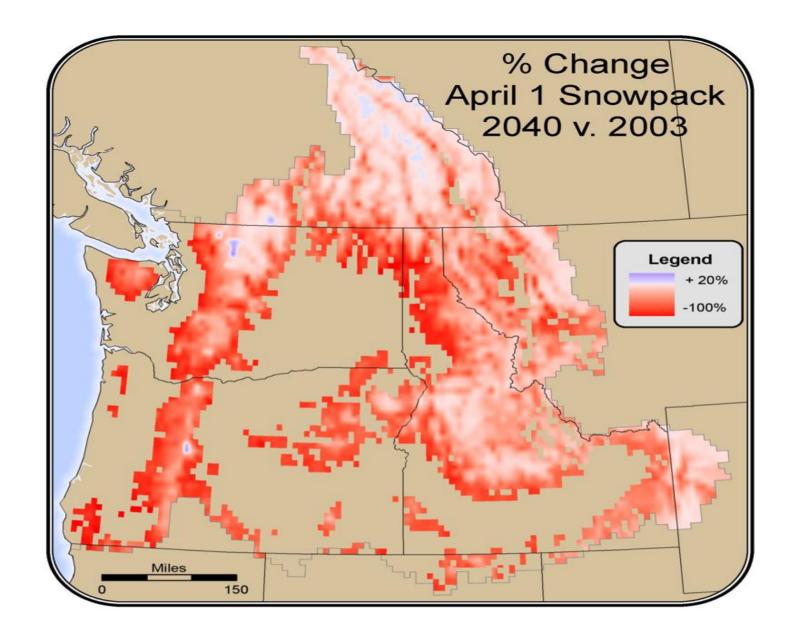


Declining April 1 snowpack, 1950-1997

a. Observations

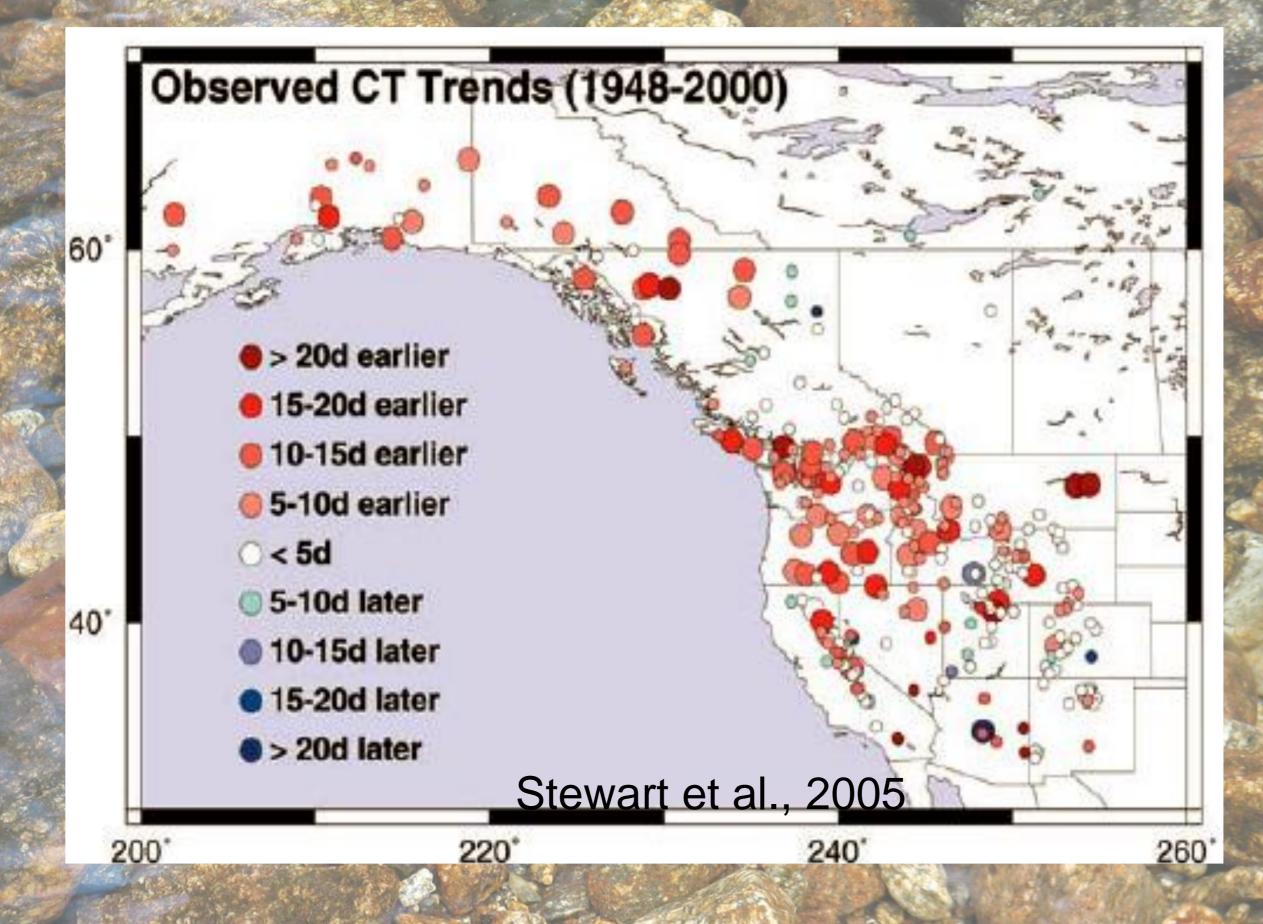
b. VIC

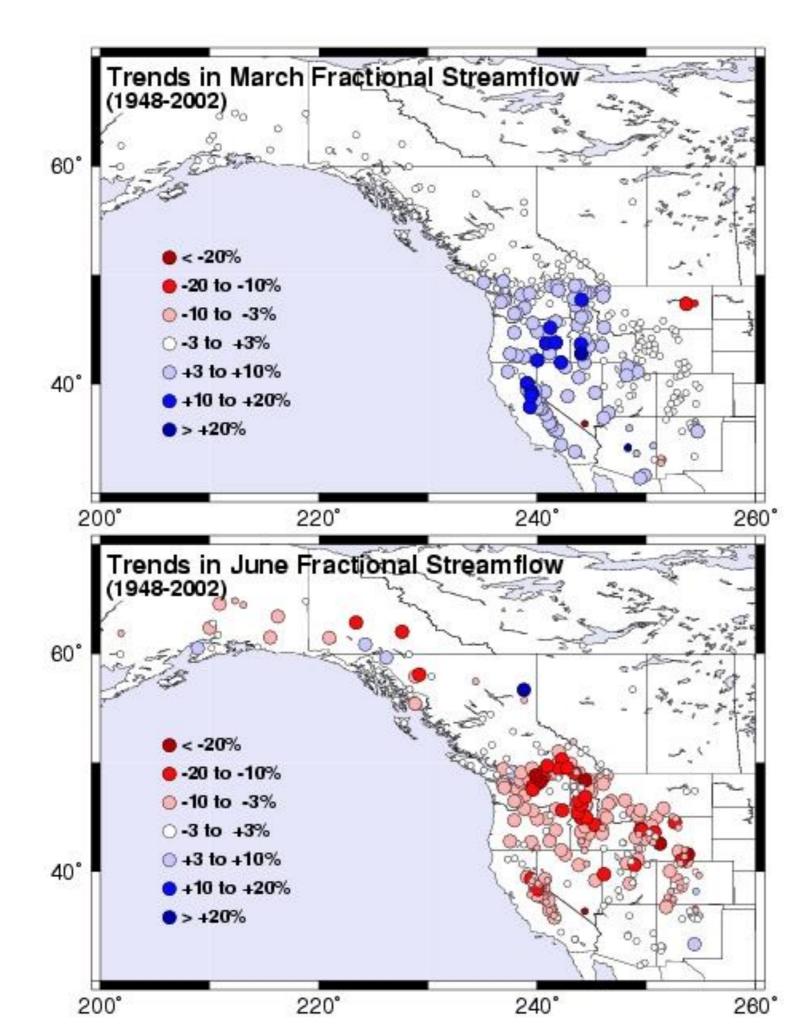




UW Climate Impacts Group

Streamflow Timing





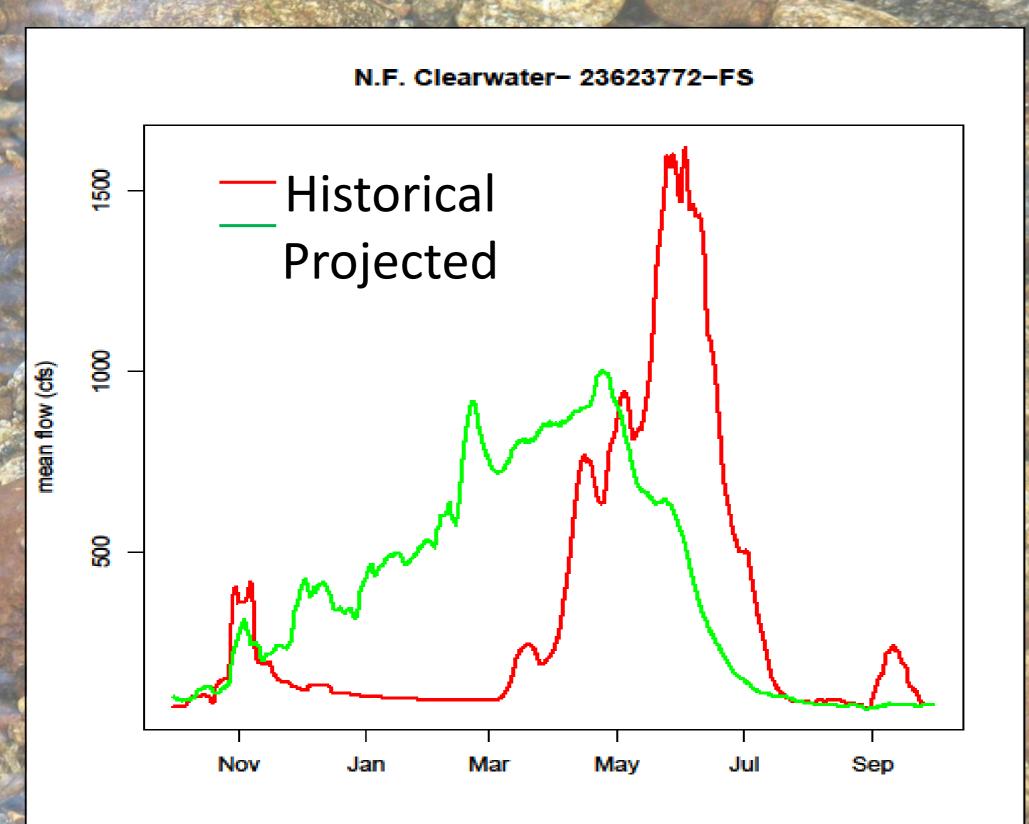
As the West warms, winter flows rise and summer flows drop

Stewart et al. J Climate 2005

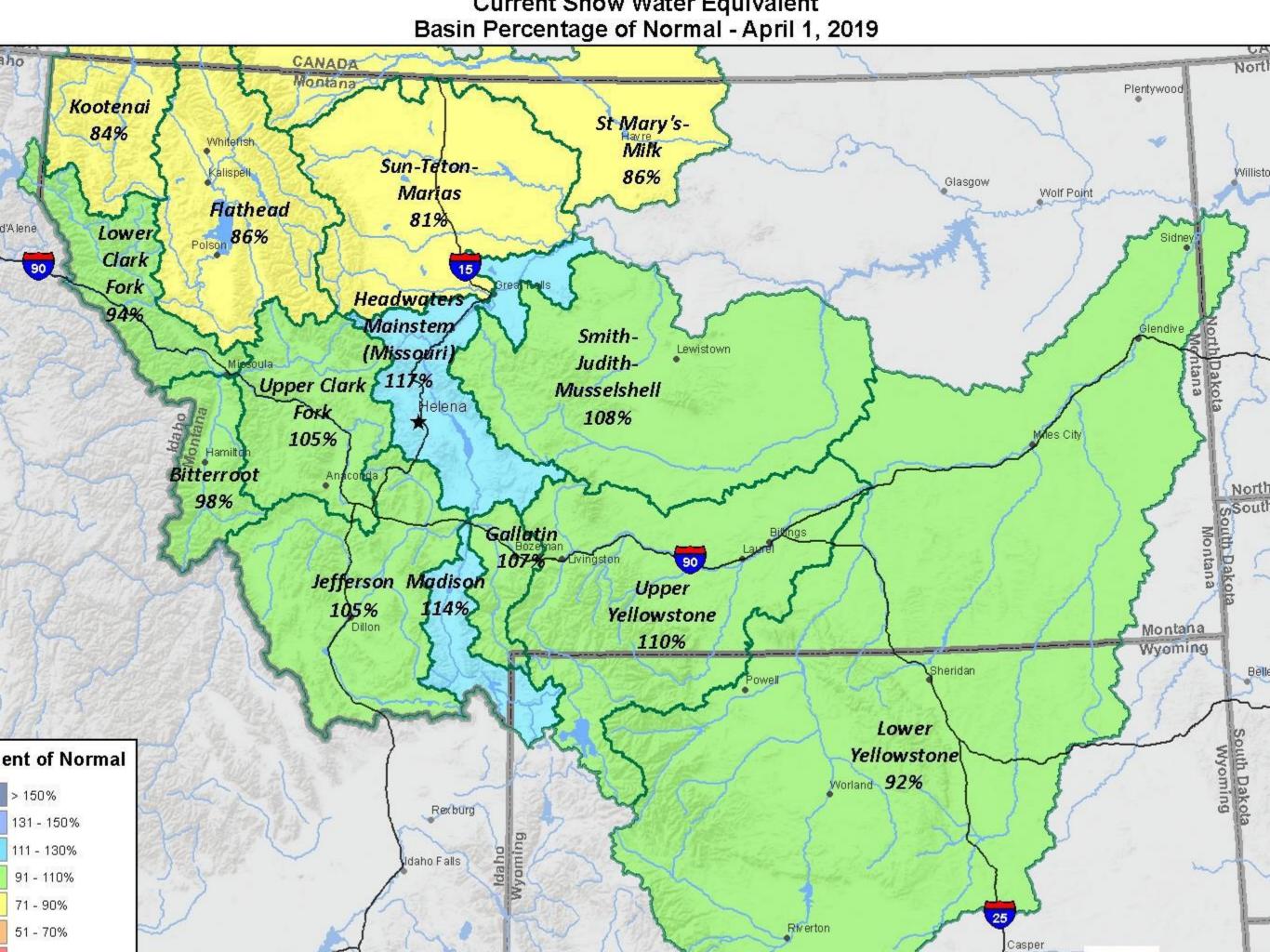


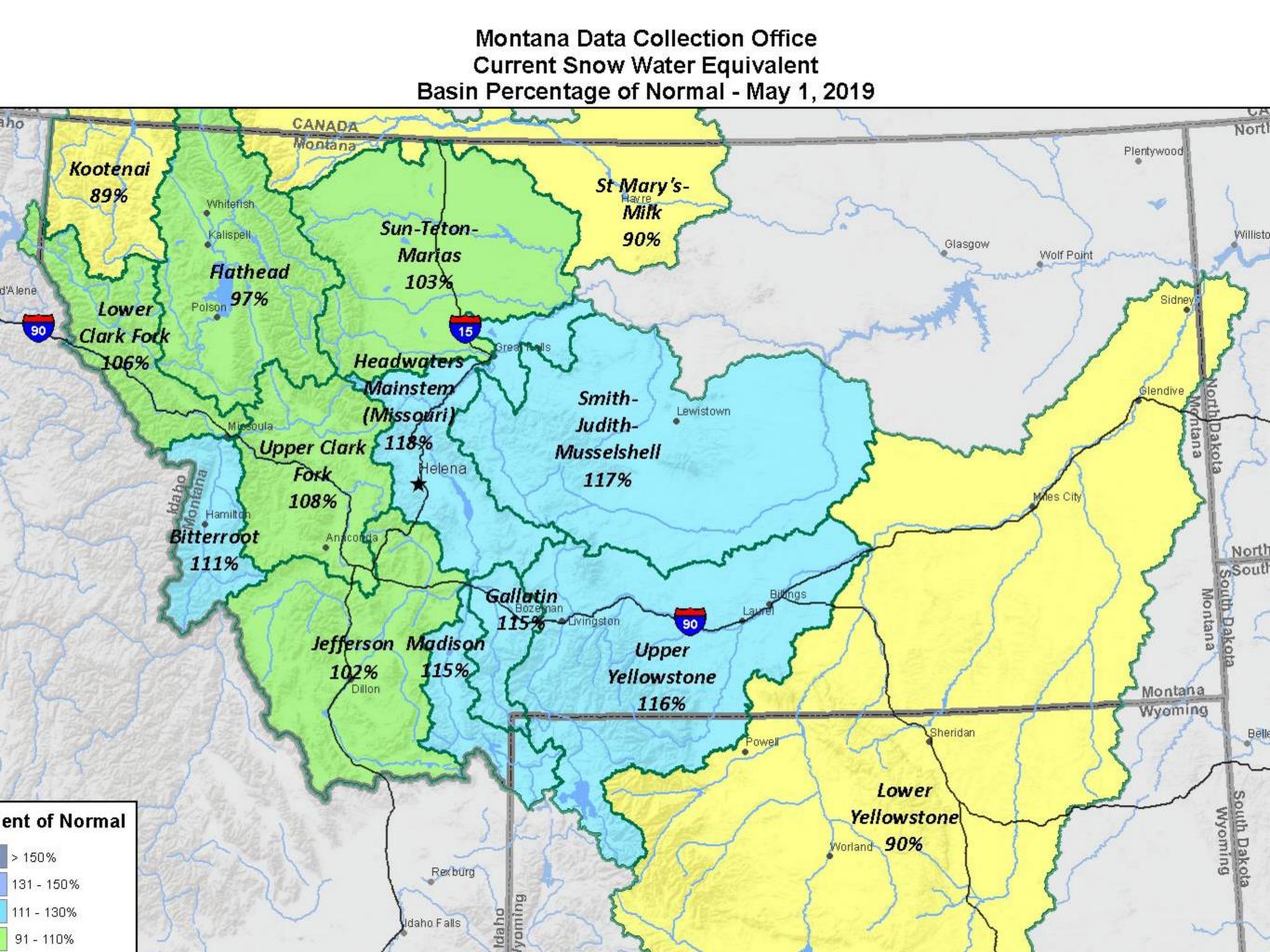
Climate Science in the Public Interest

Past and 'Future' Hydrographs



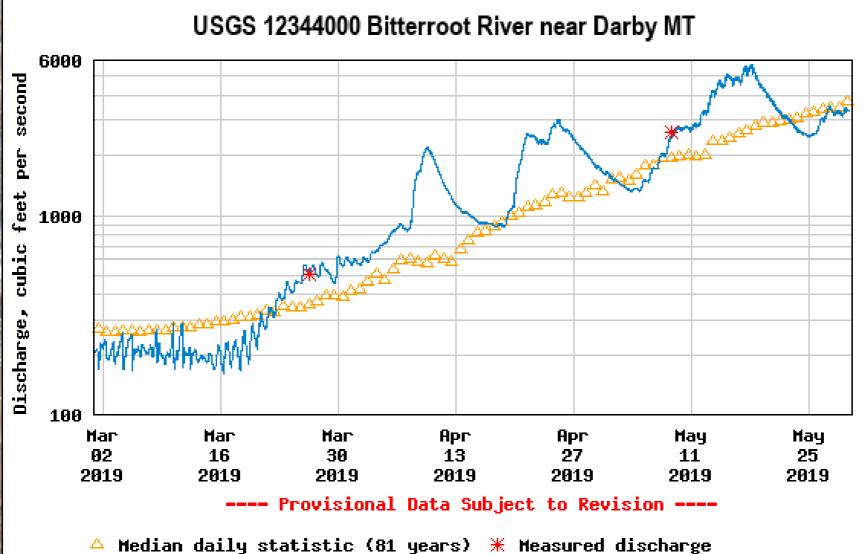
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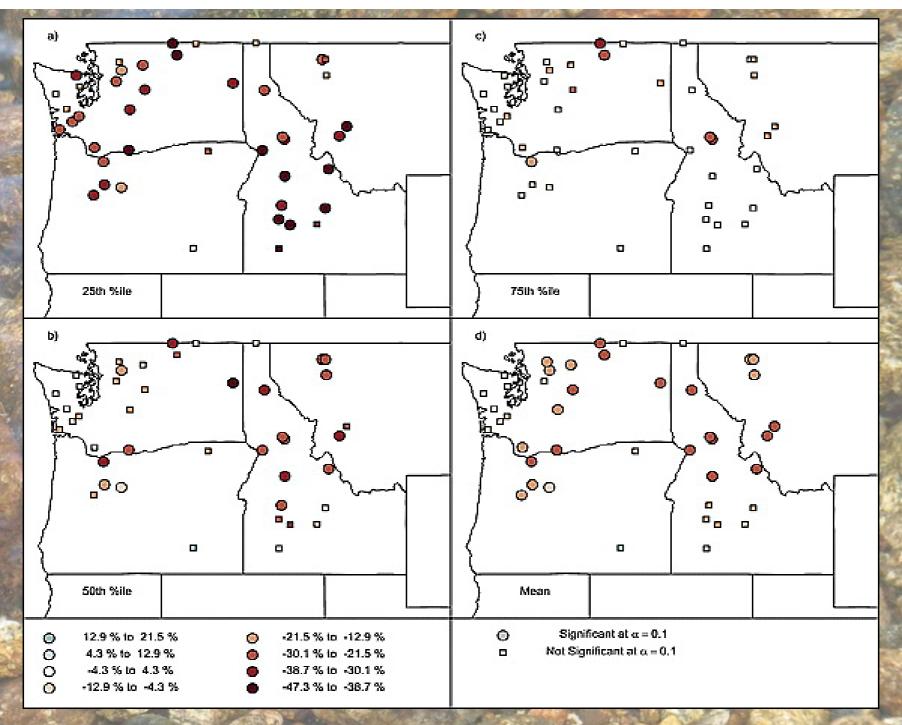
This spring's flows at Hwy 93 Bridge S. of Darby

≊USGS



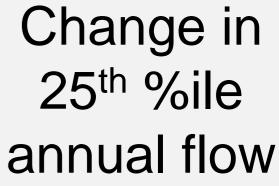
— Discharge

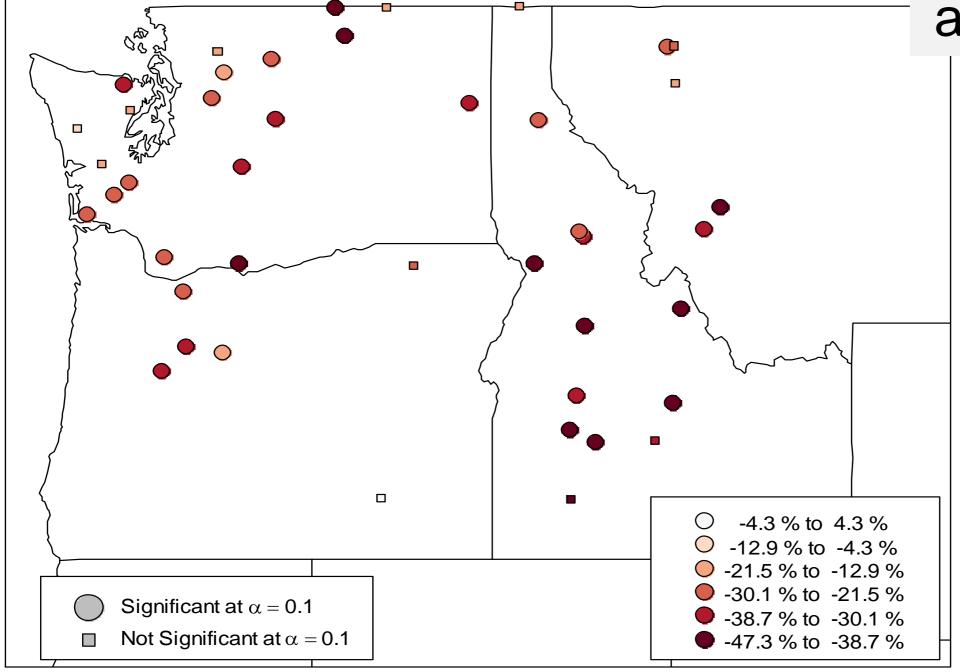
Declining annual streamflow distributions in the Pacific Northwest United States, 1948–2006 Luce and Holden 2009



1.2.3

Which flows most important?





Low Flow Hydrologic Trends Recent Research

- Hydrologic drought is more sensitive to precipitation amount than air temperature in the Pacific Northwest
- Hydrologic drought has generally intensified from 1948 to 2013 in the Pacific Northwest
- Mean annual streamflow has declined and the streamflow center of timing has occurred earlier
- "Warm" sites more sensitive to temperature changes than"cold", high elevation sites.
- "Dry years getting drier" Low flows more intense.